

HOMELESSNESS ASSISTANCE DATA SNAPSHOT

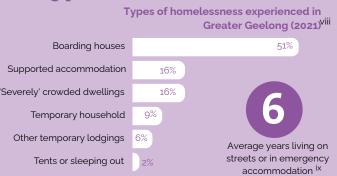
When people think of homelessness, they often think of people sleeping rough or those without a house to live in. The reality is that homelessness is much more complex. To address homelessness, we need a coordinated response that provides wrap around support to ensure that when homelessness occurs, it is rare, brief and non-recurring.

"Reasons for homelessness include family violence, housing affordability and stress, financial difficulties, relationship issues, and mental ill-health"

The number of people experiencing homelessness has doubled from 2016 to 2021. This equates to 57 out of every 10,000 people, compared to the Victorian average of 35



Types of homelessness



Service demand

Whilst data from the Census provides a critical snapshot it is often considered an inadequate reflection of the scale and complexity of homelessness. Data from local frontline services paint a much more accurate and somber picture.



...number of clients supported throughout 2021-2022 in Barwon region."

...number of applications (as at March 2024) for **social** housing in the Barwon region from those assessed as homeless and/or survivors of family violence^{iv}

- ...increase in **employed** people seeking housing assistance in Greater Geelong (2021-2023) $^{\vee}$
- ...increase in the number of women in Geelong seeking homelessness support (2021-2023) ^{VI}
 - ...of employed people seeking assistance are women, despite them only representing 58% of those seeking housing assistance in Victoria vii

- i. ABS Census Data cited in email communication from CoGG Community Life department, March 2023
- ii. ABS (2021). Estimating Homelessness: 2021 Census. Available <u>here.</u>
 iii. Barwon South West Homelessness Network (2023) Submission to the 10 Year National Housing and Homelessness Plan. Available <u>here.</u>
 iv. Department of Families, Fairness and Housing (2024). Applications on the Victorian Housing Register (VHR). Available <u>here.</u> v, vi. & viii Council to Homeless Persons (2024). Employed & At Risk: The new face of homelessness in Victoria. Available <u>here.</u> viii. ABS (2021) Census data compiled and presented by .id (informed decisions). Available <u>here</u>

- is. Australian Version 3 V–SPDAT Report and gradiented signatures may available <u>here</u>
 is. Australian Version 3 V–SPDAT Reporting Geolong LGA cited in Barwon South West Homelessness Network Submission to the 10 Year National Housing and Homelessness Plan 2023. Available <u>here</u>
- xi, xii. ABS (2021) Census data compiled and presented by id (informed decisions). Available <u>here</u> xiii. AHURI (2024) What are the real costs of Australia's housing crisis for women? Available <u>here</u>

* Households described as being on a very low income are an aggregate of households earning less than 50% of Regional Victoria median income for that household type

Affordable housing



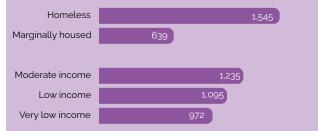
Housing stress is when households pay more than 30% of their income towards housing costs. Of the 25,806 Geelong based households who rent privately 26% are in rental stress ×



of Geelong residents on a very low income are experiencing rental stress

5.3%

of all Geelong households are in need of affordable housing, compared to 4.5% for Regional Victoria. While many of these residents are considered homeless, many are classed as moderate income households^x



Domestic & family violence

As housing becomes even less affordable, the numbers of women experiencing homelessness continues to rise, with domestic and family violence (DFV) being the main reason women and children leave their homes

38%



75% of SHS DFV clients were women & airls

Services (SHS) clients have experienced DFV